

1. A first-arriving pulse detector circuitry, comprising:

a correlator circuitry configured to correlate a received signal with a template signal to provide an output signal, wherein the received signal comprises a plurality of pulses that result from a transmission of a radio-frequency pulse into a multipath propagation medium, and wherein the plurality of pulses of the received signal comprises the first-arriving pulse; and

a threshold circuitry configured to, in response to the first-arriving signal in the received signal, provide a first-arriving-pulse signal depending on the relative values of the output signal of the correlator circuitry and a threshold signal derived from a noise floor.

2. (Cancelled)

3. The circuitry of claim 1, in which the correlator circuitry further comprises:  
a multiplier circuitry configured to provide an output signal that comprises the product of the template signal and the received signal; and  
an integrator circuitry configured to integrate the output signal of the multiplier circuitry to provide the output signal of the correlator circuitry.

4. The circuitry of claim 3, in which the threshold circuitry further comprises a comparator circuitry configured to compare the output signal of the correlator circuitry with the threshold signal to provide the first-arriving-pulse signal.

5. The circuitry of claim 4, in which the first-arriving-pulse signal tends to indicate a time position of the first-arriving pulse in the received signal.

6. The circuitry of claim 5, in which the received signal comprises an ultra-wideband signal.

7. The circuitry of claim 6, in which the threshold signal comprises a first number added to the product of a second number and a third number.

8. The circuitry of claim 7, in which the first number comprises the average of the noise floor, the second number comprises the standard deviation of the noise floor, and the third number comprises a scaling factor.

9. The circuitry of claim 8, in which the template signal comprises a limited-size template signal.

10. The circuitry of claim 8, in which the template signal comprises a discrete-time signal.

11. A radio-frequency (RF) apparatus, comprising:  
a radio-frequency circuitry configured to operate on a received signal, wherein the received signal comprises a plurality of pulses that result from a transmission of a radio-frequency pulse in a multipath propagation medium, and wherein the plurality of pulses of the received signal comprises a first-arriving pulse; and  
a detector circuitry configured to discriminate from a noise floor the first-arriving pulse of the received signal.

12. The apparatus of claim 11, in which the detector circuitry further comprises a correlator circuitry configured to correlate the received signal with a template signal to provide an output signal.

13. The apparatus of claim 12, in which the detector circuitry further comprises a threshold circuitry configured to provide a first-arriving-pulse signal by comparing the output signal of the correlator circuitry to a threshold signal.

14. The apparatus of claim 13, wherein the first-arriving-pulse signal tends to indicate a time position of the first-arriving pulse in the received signal.

15. The apparatus of claim 14, in which the radio-frequency pulse transmitted in the multipath propagation medium comprises an ultra-wideband signal.

16. The circuitry of claim 15, in which the threshold signal comprises a first number added to the product of a second number and a third number.

17. The circuitry of claim 16, in which the first number comprises the average of the noise floor, the second number comprises the standard deviation of the noise floor, and the third number comprises a scaling factor.

18. The circuitry of claim 17, in which the template signal comprises a limited-size template signal.

19. The circuitry of claim 17, in which the template signal comprises a discrete-time signal.

20. A communication system, comprising:  
a transmitter circuitry configured to transmit a radio-frequency pulse into a multipath propagation medium;  
a receiver circuitry configured to operate on a received signal, wherein the received signal comprises a plurality of pulses that result from the transmission of the pulse into the multipath propagation medium, and wherein the plurality of pulses of the received signal comprises a first-arriving pulse; and  
a detector circuitry configured to discriminate from a noise floor the first-arriving pulse of the received signal.

21. The system of claim 20, in which the detector circuitry further comprises a correlator circuitry configured to correlate the received signal with a template signal to provide an output signal.

22. The system of claim 21, in which the detector circuitry further comprises a threshold circuitry configured to provide the first-arriving-pulse signal by comparing the output signal of the correlator circuitry to a threshold signal.

23. The system of claim 22, in which the receiver circuitry comprises a scanning receiver circuitry.

24. The system of claim 23, in which the radio-frequency pulse transmitted in the multipath propagation medium comprises an ultra-wideband signal.

25. The system of claim 24, in which the threshold signal comprises a first number added to the product of a second number and a third number.

26. The system of claim 25, in which the first number comprises the average of the noise floor, the second number comprises the standard deviation of the noise floor, and the third number comprises a scaling factor.

27. The system of claim 26, wherein the first-arriving-pulse signal tends to indicate a time position of the first-arriving pulse in the received signal.

28. The system of claim 27, in which the transmitter circuitry, the receiver circuitry, and the detector circuitry reside within a radar circuitry.

29. The system of claim 28, in which the receiver circuitry couples to a processor circuitry.

30. The system of claim 29, in which the detector circuitry resides within the processor circuitry.

31. The system of claim 28, in which the detector circuitry resides within the receiver circuitry.

32. The system of claim 27, in which the detector circuitry resides within a processor coupled to the receiver circuitry.

33. The system of claim 27, in which the detector circuitry resides within the receiver circuitry.

34. The system of claim 33, in which the receiver circuitry couples to a processor circuitry.

35. The system of claim 27, in which the detector circuitry resides within a first transceiver circuitry.

36. The system of claim 35, in which the receiver circuitry resides within the first transceiver circuitry.

37. The system of claim 36, in which the detector circuitry resides within the first transceiver circuitry.

38. The system of claim 37, in which the transmitter circuitry resides within a second transceiver circuitry.

39. The system of claim 38, in which the receiver circuitry couples to a processor circuitry.

40. The system of claim 39, in which the detector circuitry resides within the processor circuitry.

41. The system of claim 40, in which the detector circuitry resides within the receiver circuitry.

42. A method of detecting a first-arriving pulse, comprising:

correlating a received signal with a template signal to provide a correlation output signal, wherein the received signal comprises a plurality of pulses that result from a transmission of a radio-frequency pulse into a multipath propagation medium, and wherein the plurality of pulses of the received signal comprises a first-arriving pulse; and

comparing the correlation output signal and a threshold signal to provide a first-arriving-pulse signal,

wherein the threshold signal is derived from a noise floor.

43. (Cancelled)

44. The method of claim 42, in which correlating the received signal and the template signal further comprises:

multiplying the template signal and the received signal to provide a product signal; and

integrating the product output signal to provide the correlation output signal.

45. The method of claim 44, in which comparing the correlation output signal and a threshold signal further comprises using a comparator circuitry configured to compare the correlation output signal and the threshold signal to provide the first-arriving-pulse signal.

46. The method of claim 45, in which the first-arriving-pulse signal tends to indicate a time position of the first-arriving pulse in the received signal.

47. The method of claim 46, in which the received signal comprises an ultra-wideband signal.

48. The method of claim 47, in which the threshold signal comprises a first number added to the product of a second number and a third number.

49. The method of claim 48, in which the first number comprises the average of the noise floor, the second number comprises the standard deviation of the noise floor, and the third number comprises a scaling factor.

50. The method of claim 49, in which the template signal comprises a limited-size signal.

51. The method of claim 49, in which the template signal comprises a discrete-time signal.

52. A method of detecting a first-arriving pulse of a received signal, comprising:  
transmitting a radio-frequency pulse in a multipath propagation medium;  
receiving, by using a radio-frequency circuitry, the received signal, wherein the received signal comprises a plurality of pulses that result from the transmission of the radio-frequency pulse into the multipath propagation medium, and wherein the plurality of pulses of the received signal comprises a first-arriving pulse; and  
discriminating from a noise floor the first-arriving pulse of the received signal by using a detector circuitry.

53. The method of claim 52, in which using the detector circuitry further comprises correlating the received signal with a template signal to provide a correlation output signal.

54. The method of claim 53, which further comprises including within the detector circuitry a threshold circuitry configured to provide a first-arriving-pulse signal by comparing the correlation output signal to a threshold signal.

55. The method of claim 54, which further comprises using the detector circuitry to provide the first-arriving-pulse signal, wherein the first-arriving pulse signal tends to indicate a time position of the first-arriving pulse of the received signal.

56. The method of claim 55, in which the radio-frequency pulse transmitted in the multipath propagation medium comprises an ultra-wideband signal.

57. The method of claim 56, in which the threshold signal comprises a first number added to the product of a second number and a third number.

58. The method of claim 57, in which the first number comprises the average of the noise floor, the second number comprises the standard deviation of the noise floor, and the third number comprises a scaling factor.

59. The method of claim 58, in which the template signal comprises a limited-size signal.

60. The method of claim 58, in which the template signal comprises a discrete-time signal.

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#### REMARKS

The Applicant has attached for the attention of the Examiner a copy of an International Search Report in a related international application. The references listed in